

#167 MOLY FULL SYNTHETIC GEAR LUBE SAE 75W-140, ISO GRADES 68 TO 680

Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube is a multipurpose, thermally stable, thermally durable, extreme pressure, synthetic gear lubricant specially formulated for use in all types of automotive and enclosed gear drives including worm gear drives.

Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube is blended from the highest quality polyalphaolefin synthetic (PAO) base fluids available. These PAO base fluids provide the Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube with the following advantages.

- **Excellent Low Temperature Properties** - The PAO's low channeling and pour point allow Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube to lubricate the bearings and gears at sub-zero temperatures the moment they start turning.
- **Superior Oxidation Stability** - All oils, as they are increasingly exposed to high temperature operation undergo a process of oxidation; this results in the oil's thickening and a buildup of acidic components. Because of the synthetic hydrocarbon's uniform molecular structure, the process of oxidation is greatly reduced.
- **Excellent Resistance to Thermal Degradation at High Temperatures.**
- **Excellent Hydrolytic Stability and Demulsibility Characteristics** - Since PAO's are non-polar; they absorb less water, especially in applications that are run under high humidity or high water conditions. They separate condensed water much faster and more completely, thus resulting in the water being easily removed from the system. These properties result in increased bearing and gear life, anti-wear protection, and improved rust and corrosion protection.
- **High Viscosity Index** – results in a minimum change in viscosity. The adequate viscosity for proper bearing and gear lubrication is provided regardless of temperature change.
- **Excellent Stay in Grade Performance Without Addition of Viscosity Index Improver** - The nature and the high viscosity index of the PAO base fluids in Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube eliminates the use of viscosity index improvers. This results in Moly Pure Synthetic Gear Lube being completely shear stable in service. Moly Pure Synthetic Gear Lube will retain its excellent viscosity-temperature characteristics even under the most severe mechanical shearing that can be encountered.
- **Increased Wear Protection and Longer Gear Life** - When conventional oils are cold, they thicken to the point where distribution of the oil to the bearings and gears is slow or totally stopped. At high operating temperatures conventional oils thin out to the point where there is little or no lubrication to the bearings and gears. PAO's, because of their high viscosity index and low temperature fluidity properties, allow Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube the ability to lubricate bearings and gears even under the most severe temperature conditions.
- **Compatibility With All Types of Seals.**

Blended into these PAO base fluids is a non-corrosive additive package which provides Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube with exceptional extreme pressure properties to protect parts from excessive wear, prevent premature bearing fatigue and gear scoring, spalling and pitting. This additive package also provides Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube with excellent demulsibility characteristics, enhanced protection of components from rust and corrosion and enhanced protection of copper, brass and bronze components from corrosion in dry conditions in the presence of moisture. This non-corrosive property allows the Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube to be suitable for use in worm gear applications

Most gearing is designed to perform under hydro-dynamic lubrication conditions. That is, a full fluid film must separate the metal surfaces of the gears and bearings during operation. However, during periods of cold start up, extremely high operating temperatures or high shock loading conditions this full fluid film can be destroyed. Boundary lubrication is needed to prevent excessive wear when this full fluid film is destroyed.

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Micron Moly®, a proven friction reducer, is added to Supreme Gear Lube to provide boundary lubrication. Micron Moly®, a liquid soluble type moly, plates itself to the metal surfaces of the gears and bearings. Once plated, Micron Moly® forms an indestructible, long-lasting, solid lubricant film capable of withstanding pressures up to 500,000 psi. This solid lubricant film, once plated to the gears and bearings, will reduce friction, vibration, and wear, thus extending equipment life.

Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube, because of the use of PAO base fluids and the addition of Micron Moly®, not only minimizes cold welding but also allows for an increase in gear efficiency. This in turn results in lessened starting loads, a decrease in peak power demand, increased fuel economy (automotive applications), and a reduction in gear box noise and gear box operating temperatures.

Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube contains the proper additive system to function and lubricate limited slip, positraction, and high offset hypoid gear rear ends and differentials.

Moly Full Synthetic Gear Lube meets and exceeds API Service Classifications: GL-5, MT-1, PG-2; United States Military Specifications: MIL-PRF-2105E, SAE J2360; Mack GO-J; Clark MS-8 Rev. 1; Ford Specifications: M2C119-A, M2C108-C, M2C158-A, M2C192-A; General Motors Specifications: 9985476, 9985044; Chrysler MS-8985; John Deere J11D; Komatsu/Dresser B22-0003; Meritor/ Rockwell Standard O-76L and O-76N; David Brown ET-19; Terex EMS 19003; VME Americas Specifications: EEMS19003F, EEMS19107; Eaton-Roadranger; White Motors MS0016; Volvo; Volkswagen; US Steel 224; David Brown S1.53.101 Type E; AGMA 9005-D94, AGMA 9005-E02, AGMA 250.04, AGMA 251.2; DIN 51517 Part 3 (CLP) and Cincinnati Machine P34, P35, P59, P74, and P76.

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TYPICAL PROPERTIES

SAE Grade	---	---	---	75W-140	---	---	---
ISO Grade	68	100	150	220	320	460	680
AGMA Grade	2EP	3EP	4EP	5EP	6EP	7EP	8EP
Viscosity 40°C cSt (ASTM D-445)	61.2-74.8	90-110	135-165	198-242	288-352	414-506	612-748
Viscosity 100°C cSt (ASTM D-445)	10.28-11.70	14.5-17.0	20.5-23.5	29.5-33.2	38.5-43.0	48.7-54.0	67.0-74.5
Viscosity Index (ASTM D-2270)	166	168	171	176	180	181	187
Brookfield Viscosity (ASTM D-2983)							
@ -15°F/-26°C, cP	---	---	---	25,200	---	---	---
@ -40°F/-40°C, cP	---	---	---	140,000	---	---	---
Flash Point °F/°C (ASTM D-92)*	475°/246.°	484°/251°	496°/258°	489°/254°	514°/268°	513°/267°	529°/276.11°
Fire Point °F/°C (ASTM D-97)*	510°/266°	520°/271°	530°/277°	550°/288°	555°/290°	550°/288°	570°/298.89°
Pour Point °F/°C (ASTM D-92)	-55°/-48°	-55°/-48°	-50°/-46°	-50°/-46°	-45°/-43°	-30°/-34°	-25°/-31.67°
Rust Test (ASTM D-665)							
Procedure A (Distilled Water)	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Procedure B (Salt Water)	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass
Copper Strip Corrosion Test (ASTM D-130)	1a	1a	1a	1a	1a	1a	1a
Four Ball EP Test (ASTM D-2783)							
Weld Point, kg	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
Load Wear Index, kg	55.00	58.25	59.10	60	67.91	69.5	67.91
Four Ball Wear Test (ASTM D-4172)							
(1 hr/40 kg/130°F)							
Scar Diameter, mm	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.35	0.35	0.28	0.28
FZG (ASTM D-5182, A/8.3/90)							
Failure Stage	12th	13th	13th	13th	13th	13th	13th
Timken EP (ASTM D-2782)							
Ok Load, lbs.	65	65	70	70	70	70	70
Falex EP Continuous Load Procedure A (ASTM D-3233)							
Failure Load, lbs.	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500	2,500
Demulsibility (ASTM D-2711)							
Free Water, ml	85	85	85	85	85	85	85
% Water in oil	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Emulsion	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oxidation Test (ASTM D-2893)							
Viscosity Increase after 312 hrs. @ 203°F/95°C	2.0%	2.0%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%
L-60-1 Thermal Oxidation Test (ASTM D-5704)							
% Viscosity Increase	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Foam Test (ASTM D-892)							
Sequence I	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Sequence II	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0
Sequence III	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0	0/0

* Flash Point & Fire Point of Base Oil.