

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

## 274 Moly EP Synthetic Plus Grease NLGI 1

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

: 274 Moly EP Synthetic Plus Grease NLGI 1

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**Product type** 

: Semi-solid grease.

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Extreme pressure lubricating grease.

Supplier's details

: Schaeffer Mfg. Company

2600 South Broadway Saint Louis, MO 63118 Tel: 314-865-4100 Fax: 314-865-4107

Toll Free: 1-800-325-9962 E-Mail: safety@schaefferoil.com Web: http://www.schaefferoil.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

: +1 314 865-4105 (24-hour response number)

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Warning

**Hazard statements**: H361f - Suspected of damaging fertility.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention**: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

**Response** : P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

Storage : Not applicable.

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of identification

: Mixture: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	≥25 - ≤50	64742-54-7
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	≥25 - ≤50	64742-62-7
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers,	≥10 - ≤25	68037-01-4
hydrogenated		
Aluminum, benzoate hydrogenated tallow fatty acid iso-Pr alc. complexes	≥10 - ≤25	68647-58-5
Carbamodithioic acid, bis(mixed 2-ethylhexyl and 2-methylbutyl and pentyl)	≥1 - ≤3	2400970-89-8
derivs., antimony(3+) salts		
tris(Methylphenyl) phosphate	≥1 - <2.5	1330-78-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Skin contact** 

: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may

be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides phosphorus oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides

: None known.

**Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

#### For emergency responders:

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

#### **Environmental precautions**

: U.S.A. regulations may require reporting spills of this material that could reach any surface waters. Report spills to all applicable Federal, State, Provincial and local authorities and/or the United States National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

#### **Small spill**

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

#### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, : including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2019).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Mist STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	None.
Aluminum, benzoate hydrogenated tallow fatty acid iso-Pr alc. complexes	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m³, (as Al) 10 hours.
Carbamodithioic acid, bis(mixed 2-ethylhexyl and 2-methylbutyl and pentyl) derivs., antimony(3+) salts	None.
tris(Methylphenyl) phosphate	None.

## Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

## Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Wear eye protection such as safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields if engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent eye contact.

#### **Skin protection**

Hand protection Body protection : Use nitrile or oil resistant gloves.

: Personal protective clothing such as gloves, aprons, boots and complete facial protection should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Users should determine acceptable performance characteristics of protective clothing. Consider physical requirements and other substances present when selecting protective clothing.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: If a risk assessment indicates that respiratory protection is required, use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator that complies with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

**Physical state** : Semi-solid grease.

Color Black.

Odor : Mild petroleum. Odor threshold : Not available. pН : Not applicable. **Melting/freezing point** : Not available. **Initial boiling point and** : >300°C (>572°F)

boiling range

: Open cup: 244 to 270°C (471.2 to 518°F) [Cleveland.] [Base Oils.] Flash point

: Not available. **Evaporation rate** : Not available. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density : >1 [Air = 1] • 0.9017 Relative density

**Solubility** : Insoluble in water. : Not available. Solubility in water Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature**: Not available. : Not available. **Viscosity** : Not available. Flow time (ISO 2431) **VOC** content : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** : Stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of

temperature and pressure.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong acids, bases and oxidizers.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous decomposition**: Oxides of carbon, sulfur and by-products of incomplete combustion.

products

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
tris(Methylphenyl) phosphate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>10000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
tris(Methylphenyl) phosphate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

#### **Sensitization**

There is no data available.

#### Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

There is no data available.

## Information on the likely

routes of exposure

Inhalation

: Routes of entry anticipated: Oral, Dermal, Inhalation.

#### Potential acute health effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Eye contact Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion

> reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### **Short term exposure**

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

effects

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : Suspected of damaging fertility.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	( 3	Dermal (mg/kg)	,	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
tris(Methylphenyl) phosphate	3000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
tris(Methylphenyl) phosphate	Acute EC50 290 μg/L Fresh water	Algae - Stephanodiscus hantzschii - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 170 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.32 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Egg	35 days
	LC50 662.9 mg/L	Crustaceans - Mysidopsis bahia	96 hours
	LC50 >10000 mg/L	Daphnia	48 hours
	LC50 >10000 mg/L	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer,	>6.5	-	high
hydrogenated Dec-1-ene,			
oligomers, hydrogenated			
tris(Methylphenyl) phosphate	5.93	794.33	high

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**AERG**: Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

## Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

Clean Air Act Section 112

(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

: Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

: Not listed

**Class I Substances** 

**Clean Air Act Section 602** 

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

(Precursor Chemicals)

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

: Not listed

#### **SARA 302/304**

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Classification
Carbamodithioic acid, bis(mixed 2-ethylhexyl and 2-methylbutyl and pentyl) derivs., antimony(3+) salts		SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
1	≥1 - <2.5	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2

#### State regulations

Massachusetts : The following components are listed: Residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed;

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Molybdenum Disulphide; Natural

Graphite

**New York**: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Natural Graphite; tris(Methylphenyl) phosphate

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Ethene, 1,1,2,2-Tetrafluoro-, Homopolymer;

Natural Graphite

#### California Prop. 65

▲ WARNING: This product can expose you to Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)**

Not listed.

#### **UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals**

Not listed.

#### Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.
Europe : Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : Not determined. **Philippines** Not determined. Republic of Korea : Not determined. **Taiwan**  Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **United States (TSCA 8b)**  Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

#### Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

#### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
1	Calculation method Calculation method

 US Tariff Heading Number
 : 3403.19.0000

 Schedule B Code
 : 3403.19.0000

## Section 16. Other information

#### **History**

Date of issue/Date of

revision

: 09/19/2024

Date of previous issue

: 09/30/2020

Version

: 3

Internal code

: 255-214

Prepared by

Schaeffer Mfg. CompanyATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

**Key to abbreviations** 

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

#### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.