

SAFETY DATA SHEET

275SW Dilex Supreme Hydraulic Fluid with DYNAVIS® ISO 15

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: 275SW Dilex Supreme Hydraulic Fluid with DYNAVIS [®] ISO 15
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Identified uses	: Multi-grade anti-wear hydraulic fluid.
Supplier's details	: Schaeffer Mfg. Company 102 Barton Street Saint Louis, Missouri 63104 Tel: 314-865-4100 Fax: 314-865-4107 Toll Free: 1-800-325-9962 E-Mail: safety@schaefferoil.com Web: http://www.schaefferoil.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +1 314 865-4105 (24-hour response number)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Not applicable.
Response	 P301 + P310 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	30 - 60	68037-01-4
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	10 - 30	64742-53-6
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	10 - 30	64742-46-7
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	1 - 5	64742-47-8
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	1 - 5	72623-86-0
White mineral oil (petroleum)	1 - 5	8042-47-5

United States: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200.

Canada: The exact percentage (concentration) in the composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with the amended HPR as of April 2018.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Over-exposure signs/symptoms			
Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.		

Section 4. First alu measures		
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting	
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	U.S.A. regulations may require reporting spills of this material that could reach any surface waters. Report spills to all applicable Federal, State, Provincial and local authorities and/or the United States National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up		
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	None.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018). Absorbed through skin.
Lubrication ails (natural curve) O45 20 budgets at a neutral ail based	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
White mineral oil (petroleum)	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2016).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Canada

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
	15 min OEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
	STEV: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
	15 min OEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
Distillation (material and a description of a difficult	STEV: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018). Absorbed through
	skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 1/2018). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
	15 min OEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
	STEV: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
White mineral oil (petroleum)	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 7/2018).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
	15 min OEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 1/2014).
	TWAEV: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
	STEV: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures Hygiene meas

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	 Wear eye protection such as safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields if engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent eye contact.
Skin protection	

Hand protection : Use nitrile or oil resistant gloves.

Body protection	Personal protective clothing such as gloves, aprons, boots and complete facial protection should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Users should determine acceptable performance characteristics of protective clothing. Consider physical requirements and other substances present when selecting protective clothing.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: If a risk assessment indicates that respiratory protection is required, use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator that complies with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid. [Clear.]	
Color	: Blue.	
Odor	: Petroleum.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not applicable.	
Melting point	: Not available.	
Boiling point/boiling range	: >315°C (>599°F)	
Flash point	: Open cup: 199 to 227°C (390.2 to 440.6°F) [Cleveland.]	
Evaporation rate	: Not available.	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.	
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.	
Vapor pressure	: Not available.	
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: 0.88	
Solubility	: Negligible in water.	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.	
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.	
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.	
Viscosity	: Kinematic (100°C): 4 to 5.5 cSt Kinematic (40°C): 13.5 to 16.5 cSt	
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.	
VOC content	: Not available.	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: This material is considered stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: May react with oxygen and strong oxidizing agents, such as chlorates, peroxides, etc.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong acids, bases and oxidizers.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2180 mg/m ³	4 hours
White mineral oil (petroleum)	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>5000 mg/kg >5000 mg/kg	-
Irritation/Corrosion		•		
There is no data available.				

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

There is no data available.

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

There is no data available.

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely	: Dermal contact
routes of exposure	

Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the phys	sic	al, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Potential chronic health effe	ects
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	Acute LC50 2200 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	>6.5	-	high
White mineral oil (petroleum)	>6	-	high

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.

AERG : Not applicable

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Naphthalene; Ethylbenzene; Toluene; Benzene
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
No products were found.	

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 304 RQ

: Not applicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	Classification	
Dec-1-ene, homopolymer, hydrogenated Dec-1-ene, oligomers, hydrogenated	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4	
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil- based	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
White mineral oil (petroleum)	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	

SARA 313

There is no data available.

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: White mineral oil (petroleum); Lubricating oils (petroleum), C15-30, hydrotreated neutral oil-based; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic
New York	: None of the components are listed.

- **New Jersey**
- : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle
- Pennsylvania
- : None of the components are listed.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylbenzene, Naphthalene and Ethyl acrylate, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Toluene, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Canadian lists

Canada inventory (DSL NDSL)	: All components are listed or exempted.
Canadian NPRI	 The following components are listed: White mineral oil (petroleum); Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light
CEPA Toxic substances	: None of the components are listed.

Section 16. Other information

Health : 3 Flammability : 1 **Physical hazards :** 0 1

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

0 Health : 3 Flammability : 1 **Instability**:

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Section 16. Other information

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1		Calculation method
US Tariff Heading Number	: 2710.19.3020	
Schedule B Code	: 2710.19.3020	
<u>History</u>		
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 07/30/2019	
Date of previous issue	: Not applicable	
Version	: 1	
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.	
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations 	

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

