

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

285 Fuel Shock

### **Section 1. Identification**

: 285 Fuel Shock **GHS** product identifier

Other means of identification

: Biocides

: Liquid.

**Product type** 

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

See label and/or technical data sheet, if available.

. Schaeffer's Mfg. Company Supplier's details

102 Barton St.

Saint Louis, Missouri 63104

Tel: 314-865-4100 Fax: 314-865-4107 Toll Free: 1-800-325-9962 Email: safety@schaefferoil.com Web: http://www.schaefferoil.com

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

: 24 Hour Emergency Phone (314) 865-4105

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

operation)

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute oral toxicity:

92.4%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity:

95.6%

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute inhalation

toxicity: 98.6%

**GHS** label elements

**Hazard pictograms** 









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Combustible liquid. Fatal if inhaled.

Toxic if swallowed.

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Precautionary statements** 

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Prevention**

: Wear respiratory protection (mist/aerosol). Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician.

### Storage

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

## Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of

: Mixture

identification

: Biocides

Product code : 285

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	>86.522	111-77-3
Methylene bis(thiocyanate)	2.45	6317-18-6
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole	2.3133	21564-17-0

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

While some substances are claimed as trade secret in accordance with the provision of OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200(i), all known hazards are clearly communicated within this document.

Per Appendix D 1910.1200 OSHA, ranges can be used when there is batch-to-batch variability in a mixture or a trade secret claim.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact

- : Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Inhalation

- : Move person to fresh air.
  - If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth if possible.
  - Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

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### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Skin contact

- : Take off contaminated clothing.
  - Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
  - Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

### Ingestion

- : Immediately call for a poison control center or doctor.
  - Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison control center or doctor.
  - Do not give any liquid to the person.
  - Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### Notes to physician

: Probable mucosal damage may contraindicate the use of gastric lavage. This product may pose an aspiration pneumonia hazard. Contains Petroleum distillate.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

## Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Combustible liquid. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

## Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides

Cyanide salts are formed when product contacts strong alkali. Thermal decomposition of product can produce toxic vapors of hydrogen cyanide, carbon disulfide and carbon oxisulfide. Contact with fire may generate oxides of sulfur, nitrogen and carbon.

## Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

## Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

### For emergency responders:

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

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### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### **Environmental precautions**

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

### Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

## Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## **Satisfactory Materials of Construction**

304 Stainless steel
316 Stainless steel
Aluminum 5052 H34
Polyethylene - crosslink
Polyethylene - high density
Polyethylene - low density

Polypropylene Rehau Tubing

## Section 7. Handling and storage

Neoprene Silicone rubber 6/6 Nylon Teflon

**Pharmed Tubing** 

FRP Norprene

Dow Sillastic Tube

NOTE: With respect to all other materials not listed above, user should be aware that use of such materials with this product may be hazardous and result in damages to such materials and other property and personal injuries. No data concerning such materials not listed above should be implied by the user.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits

None.

## Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

## **Environmental exposure controls**

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

## Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Respiratory protection** 

: If respiratory hazards exist (see section 2), and if use conditions warrant with the potential for airborne exposure existing, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Clear amber Odor : Slight [Slight] : Not available. Odor threshold : Not available. pН : <-30°C (<-22°F) **Melting point Boiling point** : >100°C (>212°F)

: Closed cup: 70°C (158°F) [Tagliabue.] Flash point

**Evaporation rate** : Not available. : Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Lower and upper explosive : Not available.

(flammable) limits

: Not available. Vapor pressure Vapor density Not available.

1.03 Relative density

**Dispersibility properties** : Dispersible in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

: Not available. Solubility Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : 141:29i8:86r : Not available. **Viscosity** 

VOC : 94 % (w/w) [Method 24]

**Aerosol product** 

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Reactive screening testing conducted on the active ingredient has resulted in exotherms

initiating at temperatures as low as 80°C.

**Chemical stability** : Contains 2-(thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole. Contains methylene bis(thiocyanate). Do not heat and/or store above 50°C as decomposition may increase packaging

pressure and generate toxic vapors.

Possibility of hazardous : If kept free of contamination and maintained at ambient temperatures during storage

reactions and uses, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

### Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: strong bases,

strong acids oxidizing materials

## Hazardous decomposition products

: Cyanide salts are formed when product contacts strong alkali. Thermal decomposition of product can produce toxic vapors of hydrogen cyanide, carbon disulfide and carbon oxisulfide. Contact with fire may generate oxides of sulfur, nitrogen and carbon.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	LD50 Oral	Mouse	8222 mg/kg	-
Methylene bis(thiocyanate)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	7.7 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	55 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	81.4 mg/kg	-
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	0.067 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	10 g/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	445 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	750 mg/kg	-

### **Conclusion/Summary**

: This product contains 2.5% of each active ingredient, TCMTB and MTC. The following data was developed from tests conducted with a formulation containing 10% of each of the active ingredients. Additional information is available in the Toxicity Profiles of the individual actives.

- Oral : LD<sub>50</sub>/Rat = 250 mg/kg

- Dermal: LD<sub>50</sub>/Rabbitt = 1670 mg/kg

Dermal Sensitization: Guinea Pig: Strong SensitizerSkin Irritation: Rabbits: Severely irritating, corrosive

- Eye Irritation: Rabbits: Corrosive

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
,	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	Rabbit	7.4	-	-

### **Sensitization**

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
Methylene bis(thiocyanate) 2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole	skin skin		Sensitizing Sensitizing

### **Mutagenicity**

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

This product has not been tested unless noted in summary results.

Conclusion/Summary : Mutagenicity testing and 52-week rat studies on the active ingredients show no

evidence of carcinogenic effects.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Routes of entry not anticipated: Oral.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Fatal if inhaled.

**Skin contact**: Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion**: Toxic if swallowed.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

## Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure

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## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** 

: Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary** 

: Chronic feeding studies on the active ingredient did not reveal any significant adverse

effects.

General

: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	272.44 mg/kg
Dermal	4594.97 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	0.02 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
285 Fuel Shock	Acute LC50 0.011 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.23 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN2922	UN2922	UN2922
UN proper shipping name	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole, Methylene bis (thiocyanate))	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole, Methylene bis (thiocyanate)). Marine pollutant (2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole)	CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S. (2-(Thiocyanomethylthio) benzothiazole, Methylene bis (thiocyanate))
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)	8 (6.1)
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	Yes.	No.
Additional information	Remarks ERG Guide 154	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.  Emergency schedules F-A, S-B  IMDG Code Segregation  group SGG6 - Cyanides  Remarks ERG Guide 154,  HazMat Code 4936015	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.  Remarks ERG Guide 154, ERG Code 8P

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

: Not available.

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

Potential impurities present in trace quantities are included in the regulatory listings of this section.

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This product is subject to regulation under the US Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is therefore exempt from US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory listing requirements.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; naphthalene; Cyanide, solid

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: propylene oxide; Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; naphthalene

### **SARA 302/304**

Composition/information on ingredients

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## Section 15. Regulatory information

			SARA 302 TPQ SARA 304 RQ		RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Ethylene oxide Propylene oxide	<0.00017458 ≤0.00006	Yes. Yes.	1000 10000	- 1444.3	10 100	- 14.4

SARA 304 RQ

: 6364481.1 lbs / 2889474.4 kg [741085.8 gal / 2805315 L]

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4

ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 3
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 1

SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Fertility) - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION (Unborn child) - Category 2

### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether		Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Methylene bis(thiocyanate)		No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
2-(Thiocyanomethylthio)benzothiazole		No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

### **SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	111-77-3	>86.522
Supplier notification	Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether	111-77-3	>86.522

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

**CERCLA** 

: CERCLA: Hazardous substances.: 2-methoxyethanol: No RQ is being assigned to the generic or broad class.; 2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol: No RQ is being assigned to the generic or broad class.; 2-ethoxyethanol: 1000 lbs. (454 kg); methanol: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); ethanediol: 5000 lbs. (2270 kg); naphthalene: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); ethylene oxide: 10 lbs. (4.54 kg); 1,4-dioxane: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); propylene oxide: 100 lbs. (45.4 kg); Cyanide, solid: No RQ is being assigned to the generic or broad class.;

FDA EPA Reg. No.

- : This product is <u>allowed</u> under the following FDA (21 CFR) sections :176.300.
- : 1448-171
- : This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets (SDS), and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. The hazard information required on the pesticide label is reproduced below. The pesticide label also includes other important information, including directions for use.

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FIFRA

## **Section 15. Regulatory information**

DANGER. Corrosive. Causes irreversible eye damage and skin burns. May be fatal if swallowed or inhaled. Do not breathe vapor or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Prolonged or frequently repeated skin contact may cause allergic reactions in some individuals. Wear goggles or face shield. Wear coveralls over longsleeved shirt and long pants; socks and chemical resistant footwear; chemical-resistant gloves such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, neoprene rubber, polyvinyl chloride or viton; and respirator with an organic vapor removing cartridge with a prefilter approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-23C); or a canister approved for pesticides (MSHA/NIOSH approval number prefix TC-14G); or a NIOSH approved respirator with an organic vapor (OV) cartridge or canister with any R, P, or HE prefilter. In addition to the PPE listed above, mixers, loaders, and cleaners of equipment must also wear chemical-resistant apron. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

User Safety Requirements: Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/ maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

User Safety Recommendation: User should wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco, or using the toilet. User should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Handlers participating in hand-dip applications, including introduction of materials to and removal from the dip and handling materials still wet from the dip, must wear chemicalresistant full front aprons with attached full-sleeve gloves.

**ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**: This product is toxic to fish, aquatic invertebrates, oysters and shrimp. Do not discharge effluent containing this product into lakes, streams, ponds, estuaries, oceans or other waters unless in accordance with the requirements of a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit and the permitting authority has been notified in writing prior to discharge. Do not discharge effluent containing this product to sewer systems without previously notifying the local sewage treatment plant authority. For guidance contact your State Water Board or Regional Office of the EPA.

Treated lumber must be stored under cover, indoors, or at least 100 feet from any pond, lake, stream, wetland, or river to prevent possible runoff of the product into the waterway. Treated lumber stored within 100 feet of a pond, lake, stream, or river must be either covered with plastic or surrounded by a berm to prevent surface water runoff into the nearby waterway. If a berm or curb is used around the site, it should consist of impermeable material (clay, asphalt, concrete) and be of sufficient height to prevent runoff during heavy rainfall events.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL HAZARDS: Do not expose to extreme temperatures.

### **State regulations**

### California Prop. 65



⚠ WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Ethylene oxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. This product can expose you to chemicals including 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole. Naphthalene, Propylene oxide and 1,4-Dioxane, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Ethylene Glycol, Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether, Methanol and hydrogen cyanide & cyanide salts, which are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

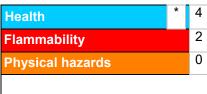
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## Section 15. Regulatory information

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive
ethanediol	No.	Yes.
2-methoxyethanol	No.	Yes.
2-ethoxyethanol	No.	Yes.
methanol	No.	Yes.
benzothiazole-2-thiol	Yes.	No.
naphthalene	Yes.	No.
Cyanide, solid	No.	Yes.
ethylene oxide	Yes.	Yes.
propylene oxide	Yes.	No.
1,4-dioxane	Yes.	No.

### Section 16. Other information

### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

### **National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)**



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### **History**

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### **Section 16. Other information**

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

**UN = United Nations** 

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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