

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 412 Tap Shield

### **Section 1. Identification**

**GHS** product identifier

Other means of

: 412 Tap Shield

Identification

: Not available

**Product type** 

: Liquid.

**Identified uses** 

: Concentrated metalworking lubricant.

**Supplier's details** 

: Schaeffer Mfg. Company

102 Barton Street

Saint Louis, Missouri 63104

Tel: 314-865-4100 Fax: 314-865-4107

Toll Free: 1-800-325-9962 Email: <u>safety@schaefferoil.com</u> Web: http://www.schaefferoil.com

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: +1 314 865-4105 (24-hour response number)

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) -

Category 2

ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 3 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) – Category 3

GHS label elements
Hazard pictograms



### Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: Causes serious eye irritation.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

**Prevention** 

: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

**Storage** 

: Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible

materials.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of : Not available.
Identification

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	10 - 30	64742-52-5
Tall oil	5 - 10	8002-26-4
Focus Ester 603	1 – 5	-
Amides, tall-oil fatty, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	1 – 5	68155-20-4
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	1 – 5	102-71-6
2,2'-(Cyclohexylimino)bisethanol	1 – 5	4500-29-2
Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	1 – 5	68608-26-4
Oleic acid, monoester with glycerol	1 – 5	25496-72-4
Boric acid	1 – 5	10043-35-3
Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated propoxylated	1 – 5	69227-22-1
2-Aminoethanol	1 – 5	141-43-5
Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris(3-methoxypropyl)-1,3,5-triazine	1 – 5	3960-05-2
Glycols, polyethylene, mono((1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl) ether	0.1 - 1	9036-19-5
3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	0.1 – 1	55406-53-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentially or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be

kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Skin contact**: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing

before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash

out mouth with water. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention

immediately.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms

may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

: None known.

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition product

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: No special measures are required.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

# Precautions for safe handling Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

# Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limit

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
2-Aminoethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 7.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	STEL: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.
	STEL: 6 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 8 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 3 ppm 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	TWA: 3 ppm 8 hours.
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Boric acid	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 6 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction
	TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
naphthenic	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Mist

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin Protection**

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Green.
Odor : Mild.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 8.86

Melting point : Not available.

**Boiling Point** : 148.89 to 204.44°C (300 to 400°F)

Flash point : Not available.
Evaporation rate : 1 (Water=1)
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Lower and upper explosive

(flammable) limits

: Not available.

Vapor pressure : Not available.
Vapor density : Not available.
Relative density : 1.03 +/- 0.02
Solubility : Complete in water.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

: Not available.: Not available.: Not available.: Not available.

Viscosity: Not available.Volatility: Not available.VOC content: 18.4 % (w/w)

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity for this product or its

ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: This material is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incomplete materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: strong acids and

oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous

decomposition products should not be produced.

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
naphthenic				-
Tall oil	LD50 Oral	Rat	66 g/kg	-
2-Aminoethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1720 mg/kg	-
2,2'-(Cyclohexylimino)bisethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	2600 mg/kg	
Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	7.39 g/kg	
3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1470 mg/kg	

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-Aminoethanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	250 µg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	505 mg	-
		D 11.7		4.0	
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 15 mg	-
				Intermittent	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Mouse	-	50%	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 560	-
			-	mg	
Boric acid	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-		-
				72 hours 15 mg	
Glycols, polyethylene,	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	Intermittent	-
mono((1,1,3,3-	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	15 mg	-
tetramethylbutyl)phenyl)				1%	
ether					
	Eyes – Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Oleic acid, monoester with	Skin – Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
glycol				500 mg	
	Skin – Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Distillates (petroleum),				500 mg	
hydrotreated heavy					
naphthenic					

<u>Sensitization</u> There is no data available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	-	3	-	-	-	-
Boric acid	-	-	-	A4	-	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	-	-	-	A4	-	-

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of	Target organs
		exposure	
2-Aminoethanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris(3-methoxypropyl)-	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation
1,3,5-triazine	0 /		

#### **Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2,2'-(Cyclohexylimino)bisethanol	Category 2	Oral	Not determined
3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Category 1	Not determined	larynx

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Product/ingredient name	Result
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	ASPIRATION HAZARD – Category 1

### **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Information on the likely : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin contact

: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Ingestion

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effect from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Potential chronic health effects

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur

when subsequently exposed to very low levels. : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

**Acute toxicity estimates** 

Route	ATE value
Oral	8201.4 mg/kg
Dermal	54479.6 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	544.8 mg/L

### **Section 12. Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Aminoethanol	Acute EC50 8.42 mg/L Fresh water	Algae – Desmodesmus subspicatus	72hours
	Acute LC50 >100000 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon – Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 170000 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	Acute EC50 609.98 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans – Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 11800000 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 16000 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Boric acid	Acute LC50 45.5 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans – Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 133000 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna – Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 75 mg/L Marine water	Fish – Pagrus major	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 6000 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2100 µg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	87 days
Glycols, polyethylene,mono((1,1,	Acute EC50 210 μg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	96 hours
3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl) ether	Acute LC50 10800 µg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Pandalus montagui- Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 8600-9800 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna – Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7200 μg/L Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	Acute EC50 0.16 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 500 ppb Fresh water	Crustaceans - Hyalella azteca	48 hours
	Acute LC50 67 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days

#### Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

**Bioaccumulative potential** 

bioaccumulative potentia	<u> </u>		
Product/ingredient	LogPow	BCF	Potential
name			
Tall oil	3.2 to 6.8	-	High
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	-1	<3.9	Low
Boric acid	-1.09	-	Low
2-Aminoethanol	-1.31	-	Low

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)

: There is no data available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

#### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### **Section 14. Transportation information**

	DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
				-
UN proper	-	-	-	-
shipping name				
Transport	-	=	=	-
hazard class(es)				
Packing group	-	-	-	-
Environmental	No.	No.	No.	No.
hazards				
Additional	-	-	-	-
information				

**AERG**: Not applicable.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### **Section 15. Regulatory information**

**U.S. Federal regulations** 

: TSCA 4(a) final test rules: Oils, lard, Me esters; Acetaldehyde TSCA 8(a) PAIR: 1,1'-Oxydipropan-2-ol; Glycols, polyethylene, mono((1,1,3, 3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl) ether; Acetaldehyde; Oils, lard, Me

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Patial exemption: Not determined

TSCA 12(b) one-time export: Oils, lard, Me esters

Commerce control list precursor: 2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Propylene oxide; Potassium hydroxide;

Acetaldehyde

**Clean Air Act Section 112** (b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)** 

: Not listed.

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** 

: Not listed.

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed.

**DEA List I Chemicals** 

**Class II Substances** 

: Not listed.

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed.

**DEA List II Chemicals** (Essential Chemicals)

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **SARA 302/304**

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	EHS	SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
			(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Ethylene oxide	0 - 0.01	Yes.	-	-	-	-
Propylene oxide	0 - 0.01	Yes.	10000	1444.3	100	14.4

**SARA 304 RQ** : 427350.4 lbs / 194017.1 kg [49761.1 gal / 188366.1 L].

**SARA 311/312** 

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

#### **Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	10-30	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Focus Ester 603	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Amides, tall-oil fatty, N,N-bis(hydroxyethyl)	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2,2'-(Cyclohexylimino)bisethanol	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.
Sulfonic acids, petroleum, sodium salts	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Oleic acid, monoester with glycerol	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Boric acid	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
Alcohols, C10-16, ethoxylated propoxylated	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
2-Aminoethanol	1 – 5	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Hexahydro-1,3,5-tris(3-methoxypropyl)-1,3,	1 – 5	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
5-triazine						
Glycols, polyethylene, mono((1,1,3,	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl) ether						
3-lodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate	0.1 - 1	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	Yes.

#### **SARA 313**

No products were found.

#### **State regulations**

Massachusetts New York : The following components are listed: 2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol; 2- Aminoethanol

: None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated

heavy naphthenic; 2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol; Diethanolamine; 2-Aminoethanol; Boric

acid

Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: 2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol; 2-Aminoethanol.

#### California Prop. 65

**WARNING:** This product contains less than 0.1% chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. **WARNING:** This product contains less than 1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth

defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Diethanolamine	Yes.	No	No	No.
1,4-Dioxane	Yes	No	Yes	No
Ethylene oxide	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Propylene oxide	Yes	No	No	No
Acetaldehyde	Yes	No	90 µg/day (inhalation)	No

### Section 16. Other information

US Tariff Heading Number : 2710.01.9307 Schedule B Code : 2710.01.9307

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

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