

SAFETY DATA SHEET

227 Moly Roller Chain Lube (Spray)

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: 227 Moly Roller Chain Lube (Spray)
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Identified uses	: Chain lube and penetrating oil.
Supplier's details	: Schaeffer Mfg. Company 102 Barton Street Saint Louis, Missouri 63104 Tel: 314-865-4100 Fax: 314-865-4107 Toll Free: 1-800-325-9962 E-Mail: safety@schaefferoil.com Web: http://www.schaefferoil.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: +1 314 865-4105 (24-hour response number)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY - Category 1B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous

Section 2. Hazards identification

	system (CNS))
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: Get medical attention if you feel unwell. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or physician if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.
Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

applicable.
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Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	≥25 - <50	64742-52-5
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	≥25 - <50	64742-53-6
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	≥5 - <10	64742-88-7
Isobutane	≥3 - <5	75-28-5

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	 Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed Potential acute health effects Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Over-exposure signs/symptoms Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. **Specific treatments** : No specific treatment. **Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to

before removing it, or wear gloves.

give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. U.S.A. regulations may require reporting spills of this material that could reach any surface waters. Report spills to all applicable Federal, State, Provincial and local authorities and/or the United States National Response Center at (800) 424-8802 as appropriate or required.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert dry material and place in an
appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal
contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same bazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact
	the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Mist
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Mist
	STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist
	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Isobutane	TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).
ISODUIAITE	TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
	TWA: 1900 mg/m 10 hours.
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015).
	STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.
Individual protection meas	<u>ures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Wear eye protection such as safety glasses, chemical goggles, or face shields if engineering controls or work practices are not adequate to prevent eye contact.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Use nitrile or oil resistant gloves.
Body protection	: Personal protective clothing such as gloves, aprons, boots and complete facial protection should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved. Users should determine acceptable performance characteristics of protective clothing. Consider physical requirements and other substances present when selecting protective clothing.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved.
Respiratory protection	: If a risk assessment indicates that respiratory protection is required, use a properly fitted, air-purifying or supplied air respirator that complies with an approved standard. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid. [Cloudy.]
Color	: Black.
Odor	: Solvent.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >315°C (>599°F)
Flash point	 Closed cup: >140°C (>284°F) [Pensky-Martens.] Open cup: >180°C (>356°F) [Cleveland.]
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Lower: 1% (based on mineral oil). Upper: 10% (based on mineral oil).
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.03 to 1.08
Solubility in water	: Negligible in water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Auto-ignition temperature	1	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Not available.
Aerosol product		
Type of aerosol	:	Spray
Heat of combustion	:	5.959 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity				
Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.			
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.			
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid breathing mists or vapors.			
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing agents.			
Hazardous decomposition products	: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide; by products of incomplete combustion.			

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	2180 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Isobutane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m³	4 hours

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 0.5 mL	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	-	-	-	A4	-	-
Isobutane	-	-	-	-	-	None.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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Reproductive toxicity					
There is no data available.					
Teratogenicity					
There is no data available.					
Specific target organ toxici	ity (single exposure)				
There is no data available.					
Specific target organ toxici	<u>ity (repeated exposure)</u>				
Name		Category		Route of exposure	Target organs
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), mediu	um aliph.	Category 1		Not determined	central nervous system (CNS)
Aspiration hazard					
Name			Resu	lt	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated Solvent naphtha (petroleum), mediu				ATION HAZARD - Ca ATION HAZARD - Ca	
Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Dermal contact. Eye conta	ct. Inhalation. I	ngestio	on.	
Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>				
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation	on.			
Inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled.				
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.				
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed a	and enters airw	avs.		
-	-		-		
	<u>ysical, chemical and toxicolo</u>	-			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may in pain or irritation watering redness	clude the follow	ving:		
Inhalation	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing 				
Skin contact	 Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness 				
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may in nausea or vomiting	clude the follow	wing:		
	cts and also chronic effects f	rom short and	l long t	<u>term exposure</u>	
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effec	ts or critical ha	zards.		
Potential delayed effects	delayed effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.				
Long term exposure					
Potential immediate effects	: No known significant effec	ts or critical ha	zards.		
Potential delayed effects	: No known significant effec	ts or critical ha	zards.		
Potential chronic health eff	fects				
General	: Causes damage to organs	through prolor	nged oi	r repeated exposi	ure.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk o	f cancer deper	nds on	duration and leve	l of exposure.
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity	: May cause genetic defects.	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

F	Route	ATE value
Ir	nhalation (dusts and mists)	1.916 mg/L

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	EC50 >3200 mg/L WAF	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
č	LC50 >3200 mg/L WAF	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa	48 hours
	LC50 >1800 mg/L WAF	Fish - Scophthalmus maximus - Embryo	96 hours
	NOEC 3200 mg/L WAF	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	NOEC 3200 mg/L WAF	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa	48 hours
	NOEC 1800 mg/L WAF	Fish - Scophthalmus maximus - Embryo	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Isobutane	2.8	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-

AERG : 126

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

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U.S. Federal regulations	: TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
	United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Antimony, dialkyl dithiocarbamate
	Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: Isobutane; Propane
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: Not listed
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: Not listed
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	: Not listed
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	: Not listed
<u>SARA 302/304</u>	
Composition/information	on ingredients
No products were found.	
SARA 304 RQ	: Not applicable.
<u>SARA 311/312</u>	
Classification	: Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Section 15. Regulatory information

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	≥25 - <50	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic	≥25 - <50	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	≥5 - <10	Yes.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
Isobutane	≥3 - <5	Yes.	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.

SARA 313

No products were found.

State regulations

Massachusetts	 The following components are listed: Isobutane; Propane; Molybdenum disulphide; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	: The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic; Isobutane; Propane; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic.
Pennsylvania	: The following components are listed: Isobutane; Propane
California Prop. 65	

No products were found.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Physical hazards: 0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Health: 2 Flammability: 4 Instability: 0

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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

US Tariff Heading Number	: 2710.19.3080
Schedule B Code	: 2710.19.3080
<u>History</u>	
Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy	: 09/15/2015
Date of previous issue	: 11/15/2014
Version	: 2
Prepared by	: KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Section 16. Other information

Although the information and recommendations set forth herein (hereafter referred to as information) are presented in good faith and believed to be accurate and factual as of the date hereof, Schaeffer Mfg. Company makes no representation as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the person receiving the same will make their own determination as to its safety and suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will Schaeffer Mfg. Company be responsible for damages of any natures whatsoever resulting from the use or reliance upon information. No representation or warranty, either expressed or implied, of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose is made with respect to information of the product to which the information refers. Compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations remains the responsibility of the user.